



Votes on Question No. 2

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held August 25, 1971, received 177 votes in the affirmative and 65 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973 received 166 votes in the affirmative and 93 in the negative?

Barnstable County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Barnstable	6,751	1,338	1,593	9,682
Bourne	2,019	504	762	3,285
Brewster	1,283	232	191	1,706
Chatham	1,964	285	345	2,594
Dennis	3,271	565	699	4,535
Eastham	1,031	176	145	1,352
Falmouth	4,995	842	1,110	6,947
Harwich	2,483	438	370	3,291
Mashpee	704	101	160	965
Orleans	1,768	224	283	2,275
Provincetown	857	206	274	1,337
Sandwich	1,606	342	340	2,288
Truro	384	85	73	542
Wellfleet	683	119	154	956
Yarmouth	4,566	928	1,293	6,787
Totals	34,365	6,385	7,792	48,542

Berkshire County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Adams	2,408	814	1,072	4,294
Alford	101	36	19	156
Becket	185	72	26	283
Cheshire	645	193	268	1,106
Clarksburg	353	108	106	567
Dalton	1,749	357	399	2,505
Egremont	262	116	72	450
Florida	104	51	39	194
Great Barrington	1,005	399	998	2,402
Hancock	113	45	46	204
Hinsdale	312	70	95	477
Lanesborough	531	175	199	905
Lee	890	296	618	1,804
Lenox	1,146	277	458	1,881
Monterey	149	52	28	229
Mt. Washington	24	9	13	46
New Ashford	37	17	14	68
New Marlborough	173	61	94	328
NORTH ADAMS	3,632	1,006	1,330	5,968
Otis	142	82	67	291
Peru	75	26	24	125
PITTSFIELD	9,791	2,565	6,796	19,152
Richmond	407	78	79	564
Sandisfield	90	39	50	179
Savoy	87	22	33	142
Sheffield	490	180	146	816
Stockbridge	709	128	193	1,030
Tyringham	67	33	27	127
Washington	82	26	21	129
West Stockbridge	280	60	124	464
Williamstown	1,997	353	305	2,655
Windsor	122	41	30	193
Totals	28,158	7,787	13,789	49,734

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved, would provide for a census in the year 1975 and every tenth year thereafter of the inhabitants of each city and town as a basis for determining the representative, senatorial and councillor districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday in the fourth January following the taking of the census, provided that the districts as established based on the 1971 census shall terminate on the first Wednesday in January, 1979. The census shall specify the number of inhabitants residing in each precinct of a town and each precinct and ward of a city.

Under the proposed amendment, the House of Representatives would consist of 160 members, in contrast to the present membership of 240, and the Senate of 40 members. The General Court would, at its first regular session after the year in which the census is taken, divide the Commonwealth into 160 representative districts and 40 senatorial districts of contiguous territory so that each representative and each senator will represent an equal number of inhabitants as nearly as may be; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties or parts of two or more counties and, with respect to representative districts, without uniting, as nearly as may be, two towns or parts of two or more towns, two cities or parts of two or more cities, or a city and a town, or parts of cities and towns, into one district, and without dividing any town containing less than 2500 inhabitants. The General Court would be permitted to pass laws to limit the time within which judicial proceeding may be instituted calling in question any such division. The proposed amendment further provides that every representative, for one year at least immediately preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and every senator shall be an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for five years at least preceding his election and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen. Every representative and senator shall cease to represent his district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for representatives and for senators and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. The amendment vests original jurisdiction in the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition of any voter of the Commonwealth, filed with the clerk of said court, for judicial relief relative to the establishment of House of Representatives, councillor and senatorial districts.

Votes on Question No. 2—Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held August 25, 1971, received 177 votes in the affirmative and 65 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 166 votes in the affirmative and 93 in the negative?

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved, would provide for a census in the year 1975 and every tenth year thereafter of the inhabitants of each city and town as a basis for determining the representative, senatorial and councillor districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday in the fourth January following the taking of the census, provided that the districts as established based on the 1971 census shall terminate on the first Wednesday in January, 1979. The census shall specify the number of inhabitants residing in each precinct of a town and each precinct and ward of a city.

Under the proposed amendment, the House of Representatives would consist of 160 members, in contrast to the present membership of 240, and the Senate of 40 members. The General Court would, at its first regular session after the year in which the census is taken, divide the Commonwealth into 160 representative districts and 40 senatorial districts of contiguous territory so that each representative and each senator will represent an equal number of inhabitants as nearly as may be; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties or parts of two or more counties and, with respect to representative districts, without uniting, as nearly as may be, two towns or parts of two or more towns, two cities or parts of two or more cities, or a city and a town, or parts of cities and towns, into one district, and without dividing any town containing less than 2500 inhabitants. The General Court would be permitted to pass laws to limit the time within which judicial proceeding may be instituted calling in question any such division. The proposed amendment further provides that every representative, for one year at least immediately preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and every senator shall be an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for five years at least preceding his election and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen. Every representative and senator shall cease to represent his district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for representatives and for senators and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. The amendment vests original jurisdiction in the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition of any voter of the Commonwealth, filed with the clerk of said court, for judicial relief relative to the establishment of House of Representatives, councillor and senatorial districts.

Bristol County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Acushnet	1,940	685	900	3,525
ATTLEBORO	5,560	1,377	1,313	8,250
Berkley	339	110	141	590
Dartmouth	4,986	1,386	1,640	8,012
Dighton	864	289	286	1,439
Easton	3,075	638	662	4,375
Fairhaven	3,473	1,193	1,185	5,851
FALL RIVER	14,249	4,011	11,925	30,185
Freetown	964	294	266	1,524
Mansfield	2,101	711	565	3,377
NEW BEDFORD	17,261	5,672	9,748	32,681
N. Attleborough	3,752	873	1,184	5,809
Norton	1,754	411	419	2,584
Raynham	1,550	505	524	2,579
Rehoboth	1,201	365	367	1,933
Seekonk	2,286	715	545	3,546
Somerset	4,171	973	1,781	6,925
Swansea	2,837	903	1,227	4,967
TAUNTON	6,634	2,341	5,317	14,292
Westport	2,319	768	1,239	4,326
Totals	81,316	24,220	41,234	146,770

Dukes County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Chilmark	101	109	29	239
Edgartown	376	341	222	939
Gay Head	25	19	43	87
Gosnold	29	12	6	47
Oak Bluffs	374	225	235	834
Tisbury	524	352	289	1,165
West Tisbury	166	166	59	391
Totals	1,595	1,224	883	3,702

Essex County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Amesbury	1,873	979	1,144	3,996
Andover	7,072	1,432	1,402	9,906
BEVERLY	9,418	2,078	3,059	14,555
Boxford	1,307	200	159	1,666
Danvers	5,446	1,354	1,438	8,238
Essex	603	148	190	941
Georgetown	1,241	274	339	1,854
GLOUCESTER	4,487	1,256	2,386	8,129
Groveland	1,128	336	282	1,746
Hamilton	1,928	333	413	2,674
HAVERHILL	8,291	2,572	3,972	14,835
Ipswich	2,480	554	764	3,798
LAWRENCE	11,366	3,073	8,399	22,838
LYNN	15,408	4,656	6,321	26,385
Lynnfield	3,589	685	666	4,940
Manchester	1,616	291	366	2,273
Marblehead	6,756	1,435	1,141	9,332
Merrimac	804	263	262	1,329
Methuen	7,862	2,231	3,868	13,961
Middleton	892	216	251	1,359
Nahant	1,144	240	272	1,656
Newbury	995	359	313	1,667
NEWBURYPORT	3,020	1,323	1,709	6,052
North Andover	4,206	941	1,246	6,393
PEABODY	9,622	2,598	4,184	16,404
Rockport	1,632	352	552	2,536
Rowley	666	225	199	1,090
SALEM	8,073	2,285	4,175	14,533
Salisbury	824	405	510	1,739
Saugus	6,010	1,530	1,838	9,378
Swampscott	3,427	722	1,474	5,623
Topsfield	1,658	205	159	2,022
Wenham	1,066	155	176	1,397
West Newbury	639	236	226	1,101
Totals	136,549	35,942	53,855	226,346

Votes on Question No. 2— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches, held August 25, 1971, received 177 votes in the affirmative and 65 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 166 votes in the affirmative and 93 in the negative?

Franklin County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Ashfield	241	178	88	507
Bernardston	278	184	94	556
Buckland	312	232	158	702
Charlмонт	163	117	90	370
Colrain	223	159	82	464
Conway	216	152	61	429
Deerfield	882	461	240	1,583
Erving	264	128	87	479
Gill	220	146	71	437
Greenfield	2,854	2,611	1,197	6,662
Hawley	38	21	16	75
Heath	76	40	28	144
Leverett	273	129	69	471
Leyden	99	47	44	190
Monroe	38	22	15	75
Montague	1,679	927	649	3,255
New Salem	153	50	35	238
Northfield	522	285	145	952
Orange	990	324	315	1,629
Rowe	91	43	29	163
Shelburne	309	223	142	674
Shutesbury	172	39	41	252
Sunderland	444	211	98	753
Warwick	85	57	54	196
Wendell	94	47	41	182
Whately	260	124	99	483
Totals	10,976	6,957	3,988	21,921

Hampden County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Agawam	3,766	1,093	1,662	6,521
Blandford	211	100	65	376
Brimfield	445	134	121	700
Chester	194	67	79	340
CHICOPEE	11,100	3,492	4,571	19,163
E. Longmeadow	2,816	780	779	4,375
Granville	209	96	63	368
Hampden	896	236	116	1,248
Holland	275	70	65	410
HOLYOKE	7,041	2,916	4,854	14,811
Longmeadow	4,948	745	739	6,432
Ludlow	3,185	1,151	956	5,292
Monson	1,377	407	496	2,280
Montgomery	138	54	28	220
Palmer	2,269	742	1,097	4,108
Russell	258	115	94	467
Southwick	1,172	477	293	1,942
SPRINGFIELD	18,943	5,157	14,922	39,022
Tolland	50	17	14	81
Wales	162	92	57	311
West Springfield	5,025	1,824	2,057	8,906
WESTFIELD	6,236	2,432	2,205	10,873
Wilbraham	2,792	657	762	4,211
Totals	73,508	22,854	36,095	132,457

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved, would provide for a census in the year 1975 and every tenth year thereafter of the inhabitants of each city and town as a basis for determining the representative, senatorial and councillor districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday in the fourth January following the taking of the census, provided that the districts as established based on the 1971 census shall terminate on the first Wednesday in January, 1979. The census shall specify the number of inhabitants residing in each precinct of a town and each precinct and ward of a city.

Under the proposed amendment, the House of Representatives would consist of 160 members, in contrast to the present membership of 240, and the Senate of 40 members. The General Court would, at its first regular session after the year in which the census is taken, divide the Commonwealth into 160 representative districts and 40 senatorial districts of contiguous territory so that each representative and each senator will represent an equal number of inhabitants as nearly as may be; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties or parts of two or more counties and, with respect to representative districts, without uniting, as nearly as may be, two towns or parts of two or more towns, two cities or parts of two or more cities, or a city and a town, or parts of cities and towns, into one district, and without dividing any town containing less than 2500 inhabitants. The General Court would be permitted to pass laws to limit the time within which judicial proceeding may be instituted calling in question any such division. The proposed amendment further provides that every representative, for one year at least immediately preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and every senator shall be an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for five years at least preceding his election and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen. Every representative and senator shall cease to represent his district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for representatives and for senators and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. The amendment vests original jurisdiction in the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition of any voter of the Commonwealth, filed with the clerk of said court, for judicial relief relative to the establishment of House of Representatives, councillor and senatorial districts.

Votes on Question No. 2— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held August 25, 1971, received 177 votes in the affirmative and 65 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 166 votes in the affirmative and 93 in the negative?

Hampshire County.

Amherst	3,851	995	973	5,819
Belchertown	992	310	264	1,566
Chesterfield	154	57	57	268
Cummington	177	60	33	270
Easthampton	3,001	1,192	1,148	5,341
Goshen	99	54	43	196
Granby	906	349	268	1,523
Hadley	869	329	384	1,582
Hatfield	638	244	311	1,193
Huntington	322	85	101	508
Middlefield	64	34	21	119
NTHAMPTON	5,486	2,093	2,145	9,724
Pelham	272	59	42	373
Plainfield	55	37	29	121
South Hadley	3,832	1,109	918	5,859
Southampton	740	292	174	1,206
Ware	1,953	548	1,031	3,532
Westhampton	187	105	45	337
Williamsburg	468	198	143	809
Worthington	174	57	54	285
Totals	24,240	8,207	8,184	40,631

Middlesex County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Acton	4,405	677	492	5,574
Arlington	14,935	2,960	3,712	21,607
Ashby	471	139	116	726
Ashland	1,920	429	382	2,731
Ayer	880	234	239	1,353
Bedford	3,512	477	583	4,572
Belmont	8,900	1,544	2,220	12,664
Billerica	6,503	1,665	1,363	9,531
Boxborough	524	84	47	655
Burlington	4,569	1,080	1,235	6,884
CAMBRIDGE	18,191	5,384	7,189	30,764
Carlisle	1,054	104	100	1,258
Chelmsford	7,692	1,584	1,373	10,649
Concord	4,940	660	709	6,309
Dracut	3,974	1,508	1,694	7,176
Dunstable	334	102	85	521
EVERETT	5,313	1,664	7,370	14,347
Frammingham	15,188	2,359	2,960	20,507
Groton	1,297	371	226	1,894
Holliston	3,072	542	479	4,093
Hopkinton	1,471	298	348	2,117
Hudson	2,826	878	1,006	4,710
Lexington	9,070	1,344	2,434	12,848
Lincoln	1,687	289	195	2,171
Littleton	1,569	300	193	2,062
LOWELL	16,786	5,239	8,885	30,910
MALDEN	8,870	3,532	3,942	18,344
MLBOROUGH	6,557	1,554	2,138	10,249
Maynard	2,100	516	727	3,343
MEDFORD	13,416	3,349	6,135	22,900
MELROSE	8,000	1,756	2,542	12,298
Natick	6,974	1,421	2,082	10,477
NEWTON	23,048	4,395	7,622	35,065
North Reading	2,731	695	597	4,023
Pepperell	1,181	442	404	2,027
Reading	6,400	975	965	8,340
Sherborn	1,247	202	131	1,580
Shirley	717	158	169	1,044
SOMERVILLE	13,653	3,818	6,953	24,424
Stoneham	5,082	1,215	1,393	7,690
Stow	1,166	159	170	1,495
Sudbury	3,899	532	524	4,955
Tewksbury	5,391	1,577	1,119	8,087
Townsend	898	242	243	1,383
Tyngsborough	847	257	279	1,383
Wakefield	6,400	1,429	1,752	9,581
WALTHAM	8,243	2,104	5,970	16,317
Watertown	8,489	2,203	3,546	14,238
Wayland	4,180	503	479	5,162
Westford	2,823	623	555	4,001
Weston	3,871	432	391	4,694
Wilmington	2,845	896	1,236	4,977
Winchester	6,038	1,344	1,851	9,233
WOBURN	7,024	1,911	3,485	12,420
Totals	303,173	70,155	105,035	478,363

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved, would provide for a census in the year 1975 and every tenth year thereafter of the inhabitants of each city and town as a basis for determining the representative, senatorial and councillor districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday in the fourth January following the taking of the census, provided that the districts as established based on the 1971 census shall terminate on the first Wednesday in January, 1979. The census shall specify the number of inhabitants residing in each precinct of a town and each precinct and ward of a city.

Under the proposed amendment, the House of Representatives would consist of 160 members, in contrast to the present membership of 240, and the Senate of 40 members. The General Court would, at its first regular session after the year in which the census is taken, divide the Commonwealth into 160 representative districts and 40 senatorial districts of contiguous territory so that each representative and each senator will represent an equal number of inhabitants as nearly as may be; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties or parts of two or more counties and, with respect to representative districts, without uniting, as nearly as may be, two towns or parts of two or more towns, two cities or parts of two or more cities, or a city and a town, or parts of cities and towns, into one district, and without dividing any town containing less than 2500 inhabitants. The General Court would be permitted to pass laws to limit the time within which judicial proceeding may be instituted calling in question any such division. The proposed amendment further provides that every representative, for one year at least immediately preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and every senator shall be an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for five years at least preceding his election and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen. Every representative and senator shall cease to represent his district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for representatives and for senators and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. The amendment vests original jurisdiction in the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition of any voter of the Commonwealth, filed with the clerk of said court, for judicial relief relative to the establishment of House of Representatives, councillor and senatorial districts.

Votes on Question No. 2— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches, held August 25, 1971, received 177 votes in the affirmative and 65 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 166 votes in the affirmative and 93 in the negative?

Nantucket County.				
Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Nantucket	613	573	296	1,482
Totals	613	573	296	1,482

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved, would provide for a census in the year 1975 and every tenth year thereafter of the inhabitants of each city and town as a basis for determining the representative, senatorial and councillor districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday in the fourth January following the taking of the census, provided that the districts as established based on the 1971 census shall terminate on the first Wednesday in January, 1979. The census shall specify the number of inhabitants residing in each precinct of a town and each precinct and ward of a city.

Under the proposed amendment, the House of Representatives would consist of 160 members, in contrast to the present membership of 240, and the Senate of 40 members. The General Court would, at its first regular session after the year in which the census is taken, divide the Commonwealth into 160 representative districts and 40 senatorial districts of contiguous territory so that each representative and each senator will represent an equal number of inhabitants as nearly as may be; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties or parts of two or more counties and, with respect to representative districts, without uniting, as nearly as may be, two towns or parts of two or more towns, two cities or parts of two or more cities, or a city and a town, or parts of cities and towns, into one district, and without dividing any town containing less than 2500 inhabitants. The General Court would be permitted to pass laws to limit the time within which judicial proceeding may be instituted calling in question any such division. The proposed amendment further provides that every representative, for one year at least immediately preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and every senator shall be an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for five years at least preceding his election and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen. Every representative and senator shall cease to represent his district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for representatives and for senators and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. The amendment vests original jurisdiction in the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition of any voter of the Commonwealth, filed with the clerk of said court, for judicial relief relative to the establishment of House of Representatives, councillor and senatorial districts.

Norfolk County.				
Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Avon	1,060	276	328	1,664
Bellingham	2,649	781	794	4,224
Braintree	9,732	2,234	2,204	14,170
Brookline	11,677	2,610	7,897	22,184
Canton	4,756	1,078	1,159	6,993
Cohasset	2,224	405	445	3,074
Dedham	6,452	1,915	2,122	10,489
Dover	1,807	213	213	2,233
Foxborough	2,987	653	493	4,133
Franklin	3,698	964	1,155	5,817
Hollbrook	2,631	713	781	4,125
Medfield	2,650	358	334	3,342
Medway	1,780	410	487	2,677
Millis	1,497	337	301	2,135
Milton	9,025	1,822	1,946	12,793
Needham	9,836	1,404	1,709	12,949
Norfolk	1,068	278	191	1,537
Norwood	7,814	1,697	1,924	11,435
Plainville	1,172	257	248	1,677
QUINCY	21,065	5,462	7,856	34,383
Randolph	6,386	1,502	2,101	9,989
Sharon	3,603	581	668	4,852
Stoughton	4,375	1,314	2,237	7,926
Walpole	4,795	860	909	6,564
Wellesley	8,957	1,199	1,181	11,337
Westwood	4,343	752	777	5,872
Weymouth	12,929	3,190	3,240	19,359
Wrentham	1,342	354	306	2,002
Totals	152,310	33,619	44,006	229,935

Plymouth County.				
Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Abington	2,754	694	776	4,224
Bridgewater	2,799	637	830	4,266
BROCKTON	15,780	3,774	5,570	25,124
Carver	706	211	237	1,154
Duxbury	2,987	418	402	3,807
East Bridgewater	1,974	617	617	3,208
Halifax	959	269	247	1,475
Hanover	2,821	556	548	3,925
Hanson	1,616	419	425	2,460
Hingham	5,606	1,038	1,030	7,674
Hull	2,154	564	842	3,560
Kingston	1,383	315	443	2,141
Lakeville	1,037	301	281	1,619
Marion	1,038	189	159	1,386
Marshfield	4,603	932	837	6,372
Mattapoisett	1,491	364	300	2,155
Middleborough	2,842	840	907	4,589
Norwell	2,139	485	577	3,201
Pembroke	2,310	651	623	3,584
Plymouth	4,678	1,132	1,885	7,695
Plympton	315	97	94	506
Rochester	428	161	105	694
Rockland	3,031	679	872	4,582
Scituate	1,463	785	883	6,131
Wareham	2,806	777	1,151	4,734
West Bridgewater	1,637	436	373	2,446
Whitman	3,082	709	777	4,568
Totals	77,439	18,050	21,791	117,280

Votes on Question No. 2—Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held August 25, 1971, received 177 votes in the affirmative and 65 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 166 votes in the affirmative and 93 in the negative?

Suffolk County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
BOSTON	57,615	31,355	64,525	153,495
CHELSEA	3,872	1,201	3,872	8,945
REVERE	8,021	2,878	5,308	16,207
Winthrop	4,439	1,528	2,428	8,395
Totals	73,947	36,962	76,133	187,042

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved, would provide for a census in the year 1975 and every tenth year thereafter of the inhabitants of each city and town as a basis for determining the representative, senatorial and councillor districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday in the fourth January following the taking of the census, provided that the districts as established based on the 1971 census shall terminate on the first Wednesday in January, 1979. The census shall specify the number of inhabitants residing in each precinct of a town and each precinct and ward of a city.

Under the proposed amendment, the House of Representatives would consist of 160 members, in contrast to the present membership of 240, and the Senate of 10 members. The General Court would, at its first regular session after the year in which the census is taken, divide the Commonwealth into 160 representative districts and 10 senatorial districts of contiguous territory so that each representative and each senator will represent an equal number of inhabitants as nearly as may be; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties or parts of two or more counties and with respect to representative districts, without uniting, as nearly as may be, two towns or parts of two or more towns, two cities or parts of two or more cities, or a city and a town, or parts of cities and towns, into one district, and without dividing any town containing less than 2,500 inhabitants. The General Court would be permitted to pass laws to limit the time within which judicial proceeding may be instituted calling in question any such division. The proposed amendment further provides that every representative, for one year at least immediately preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and every senator shall be an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for five years at least preceding his election and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen. Every representative and senator shall cease to represent his district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for representatives and for senators and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. The amendment vests original jurisdiction in the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition of any voter of the Commonwealth, filed with the clerk of said court, for judicial relief relative to the establishment of House of Representatives, councillor and senatorial districts.

Worcester County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Ashburnham	760	194	222	1,176
Athol	1,967	438	648	3,053
Auburn	4,134	792	1,208	6,134
Barre	811	261	489	1,561
Berlin	505	112	115	732
Blackstone	1,171	332	524	2,027
Bolton	584	100	79	763
Boylston	848	119	196	1,163
Brookfield	407	115	173	695
Charlton	851	229	270	1,350
Clinton	2,422	650	1,429	4,501
Douglas	739	172	337	1,248
Dudley	1,458	366	749	2,573
East Brookfield	387	86	165	638
FITCHBURG	7,539	1,997	3,948	13,484
GARDNER	3,751	925	1,828	6,504
Grafton	2,470	489	963	3,922
Hardwick	427	152	202	781
Harvard	1,098	162	84	1,344
Holden	3,639	639	656	4,934
Hopedale	977	240	425	1,642
Hubbardston	318	89	106	513
Lancaster	981	215	318	1,514
Leicester	1,866	438	637	2,941
LEOMINSTER	6,348	1,609	2,566	10,523
Lunenburg	1,958	314	520	2,792
Mendon	551	149	202	902
Millford	3,752	1,202	2,401	7,355
Millbury	2,377	586	1,072	4,035
Millville	320	102	183	605
New Braintree	114	43	53	210
North Brookfield	797	297	365	1,459
Northborough	2,461	437	435	3,333
Northbridge	2,655	618	879	4,152
Oakham	201	52	75	328
Oxford	1,600	340	480	2,420
Paxton	1,030	165	175	1,370
Petersham	279	75	61	415
Phillipston	153	53	25	231
Princeton	500	76	87	663
Royalston	144	61	35	240
Rutland	827	205	128	1,160
Shrewsbury	5,772	924	1,694	8,390
Southborough	1,661	295	285	2,241
Southbridge	2,615	551	2,040	5,206
Spencer	1,886	512	898	3,296
Sterling	1,056	204	233	1,493
Sturbridge	1,129	220	403	1,752
Sutton	1,052	234	379	1,665
Templeton	1,025	276	359	1,660
Upton	834	205	330	1,369
Uxbridge	1,658	433	806	2,897
Warren	659	261	338	1,258
Webster	2,429	679	1,734	4,842
West Boylston	1,849	281	374	2,504
West Brookfield	521	144	227	892
Westborough	3,339	627	691	4,657
Westminster	1,171	258	294	1,723
Winchendon	932	277	372	1,581
WORCESTER	34,361	6,996	16,017	57,404
Totals	130,126	29,073	53,017	212,216

Votes on Question No. 2— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held August 25, 1971, received 177 votes in the affirmative and 65 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 166 votes in the affirmative and 93 in the negative?

Aggregate of Votes.

BARNSTABLE	34,365	6,385	7,792	48,542
BERKSHIRE	28,158	7,787	13,789	49,734
BRISTOL	81,316	24,220	41,234	146,770
DUKES	1,595	1,224	883	3,702
ESSEX	136,549	35,942	53,855	226,346
FRANKLIN	10,976	6,957	3,988	21,921
HAMPDEN	73,508	22,854	36,095	132,457
HAMPSHIRE	24,240	8,207	8,184	40,631
MIDDLESEX	303,173	70,155	105,035	478,363
NANTUCKET	613	573	296	1,482
NORFOLK	152,310	33,619	44,006	229,935
PLYMOUTH	77,439	18,050	21,791	117,280
SUFFOLK	73,947	36,962	76,133	187,042
WORCESTER	130,126	29,073	53,017	212,216
TOTALS	1,128,315	302,008	466,098	1,896,421

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment, if approved, would provide for a census in the year 1975 and every tenth year thereafter of the inhabitants of each city and town as a basis for determining the representative, senatorial and councillor districts for the ten year period beginning with the first Wednesday in the fourth January following the taking of the census, provided that the districts as established based on the 1971 census shall terminate on the first Wednesday in January, 1979. The census shall specify the number of inhabitants residing in each precinct of a town and each precinct and ward of a city.

Under the proposed amendment, the House of Representatives would consist of 160 members, in contrast to the present membership of 240, and the Senate of 40 members. The General Court would, at its first regular session after the year in which the census is taken, divide the Commonwealth into 160 representative districts and 40 senatorial districts of contiguous territory so that each representative and each senator will represent an equal number of inhabitants as nearly as may be; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties or parts of two or more counties and, with respect to representative districts, without uniting, as nearly as may be, two towns or parts of two or more towns, two cities or parts of two or more cities, or a city and a town, or parts of cities and towns, into one district, and without dividing any town containing less than 2500 inhabitants. The General Court would be permitted to pass laws to limit the time within which judicial proceeding may be instituted calling in question any such division. The proposed amendment further provides that every representative, for one year at least immediately preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and every senator shall be an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for five years at least preceding his election and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen. Every representative and senator shall cease to represent his district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The manner of calling and conducting the elections for representatives and for senators and councillors, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. The amendment vests original jurisdiction in the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition of any voter of the Commonwealth, filed with the clerk of said court, for judicial relief relative to the establishment of House of Representatives, councillor and senatorial districts.

Votes on Question No. 3

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held June 7, 1972, received 250 votes in the affirmative and 3 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 253 votes in the affirmative and 0 in the negative?

Barnstable County.				
Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Barnstable	4,254	3,784	1,644	9,682
Bourne	1,230	1,257	798	3,285
Brewster	793	698	215	1,706
Chatham	1,175	1,041	378	2,594
Dennis	1,979	1,769	787	4,535
Eastham	626	579	147	1,352
Falmouth	3,366	2,319	1,262	6,947
Harwich	1,479	1,384	428	3,291
Mashpee	445	342	178	965
Orleans	1,158	803	314	2,275
Provincetown	686	372	279	1,337
Sandwich	887	1,025	376	2,288
Truro	262	210	70	542
Wellfleet	478	319	159	956
Yarmouth	2,703	2,745	1,339	6,787
Totals	21,521	18,647	8,374	48,542

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would repeal section 2 of Article 46 of the Articles of Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth (the "anti-aid amendment", so-called), and replace it with a new section 2, for the purpose of allowing grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would delete the first clause of the present section 2, which requires that all moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys appropriated by the Commonwealth for the support of common schools shall be applied to or expended in only those schools conducted according to law under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is expended. The effect of the deletion of the first clause of section 2 would be to remove the constitutional prohibition against the use of public moneys, which have been raised by taxation or appropriated for support of public schools, for grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would also alter the second clause of the present section 2 by removing the prohibition against a grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any school or institution of learning, whether under public control or otherwise, wherein any denominational doctrine is inculcated, or any other school or any college which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents. In place of the foregoing, the proposed amendment would prohibit the grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any primary or secondary school which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents.

The proposed amendment would also add to the present section 2 a provision that nothing therein shall be construed to prohibit grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

Berkshire County.				
Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Adams	1,401	1,786	1,107	4,294
Alford	58	73	25	156
Becket	99	157	27	283
Cheshire	378	459	269	1,106
Clarksburg	165	294	108	567
Dalton	963	1,115	427	2,505
Egremont	180	206	64	450
Florida	61	94	39	194
Great Barrington	667	749	986	2,402
Hancock	64	94	46	204
Hinsdale	207	161	109	477
Lanesborough	312	381	212	905
Lee	590	555	659	1,804
Lenox	651	756	474	1,881
Monterey	85	110	34	229
Mt. Washington	12	20	14	46
New Ashford	21	36	11	68
New Marlborough	130	103	95	328
NORTH ADAMS	1,933	2,624	1,411	5,968
Otis	95	128	68	291
Peru	43	54	28	125
PITTSFIELD	5,387	6,780	6,985	19,152
Richmond	213	266	85	564
Sandisfield	72	59	48	179
Savoy	51	58	33	142
Sheffield	338	320	158	816
Stockbridge	420	409	201	1,030
Tyringham	54	41	32	127
Washington	46	56	27	129
West Stockbridge	207	133	124	464
Williamstown	1,091	1,240	324	2,655
Windsor	71	93	29	193
Totals	16,065	19,410	14,259	49,734

Votes on Question No. 3— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held June 7, 1972, received 250 votes in the affirmative and 3 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 253 votes in the affirmative and 0 in the negative?

Bristol County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Acushnet	1,441	1,131	953	3,525
ATTLEBORO	4,200	2,725	1,325	8,250
Berkley	246	195	149	590
Dartmouth	3,058	3,171	1,783	8,012
Dighton	579	555	305	1,439
Easton	2,306	1,402	667	4,375
Fairhaven	1,702	2,822	1,327	5,851
FALL RIVER	11,228	6,272	12,685	30,185
Freetown	696	551	277	1,524
Mansfield	1,554	1,198	625	3,377
NEW BEDFORD	12,388	10,138	10,155	32,681
N. Attleborough	2,887	1,677	1,245	5,809
Norton	1,269	866	449	2,584
Raynham	1,017	1,024	538	2,579
Rehoboth	834	703	396	1,933
Seekonk	1,782	1,198	566	3,546
Somerset	3,049	1,945	1,931	6,925
Swansea	2,116	1,592	1,259	4,967
TAUNTON	5,140	3,618	5,534	14,292
Westport	1,744	1,327	1,255	4,326
Totals	59,236	44,110	43,424	146,770

Dukes County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Chilmark	128	74	37	239
Edgartown	466	241	232	939
Gay Head	26	19	42	87
Gosnold	21	19	7	47
Oak Bluffs	355	236	243	834
Tisbury	543	319	303	1,165
West Tisbury	199	129	63	391
Totals	1,738	1,037	927	3,702

Essex County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Amesbury	1,357	1,466	1,173	3,996
Andover	5,171	3,372	1,363	9,906
BEVERLY	6,542	4,770	3,243	14,555
Boxford	853	616	197	1,666
Danvers	3,775	2,996	1,467	8,238
Essex	435	310	196	941
Georgetown	897	598	359	1,854
GLOUCESTER	3,244	2,360	2,525	8,129
Groveland	843	631	272	1,746
Hamilton	1,313	922	439	2,674
HAVERHILL	6,162	4,541	4,132	14,835
Ipswich	1,825	1,178	795	3,798
LAWRENCE	9,548	4,644	8,646	22,838
LYNN	11,433	8,368	6,584	26,385
Lynnfield	2,523	1,739	678	4,940
Manchester	1,204	680	389	2,273
Marblehead	4,753	3,361	1,218	9,332
Merrimac	536	530	263	1,329
Methuen	6,053	3,860	4,048	13,961
Middleton	577	519	263	1,359
Nahant	802	557	297	1,656
Newbury	768	583	316	1,667
NEWBURYPORT	2,379	1,934	1,739	6,052
North Andover	3,228	1,873	1,292	6,393
PEABODY	7,255	4,798	4,351	16,404
Rockport	1,106	872	558	2,536
Rowley	478	401	211	1,090
SALEM	6,403	3,738	4,392	14,533
Salisbury	633	562	544	1,739
Saugus	4,205	3,261	1,912	9,378
Swampscott	2,512	1,556	1,555	5,623
Topsfield	1,081	717	224	2,022
Wenham	760	473	164	1,397
West Newbury	485	387	229	1,101
Totals	101,139	69,173	56,034	226,346

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would repeal section 2 of Article 46 of the Articles of Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth (the "anti-aid amendment", so-called), and replace it with a new section 2, for the purpose of allowing grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would delete the first clause of the present section 2, which requires that all moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys appropriated by the Commonwealth for the support of common schools shall be applied to or expended in only those schools conducted according to law under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is expended. The effect of the deletion of the first clause of section 2 would be to remove the constitutional prohibition against the use of public moneys, which have been raised by taxation or appropriated for support of public schools, for grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would also alter the second clause of the present section 2 by removing the prohibition against a grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any school or institution of learning, whether under public control or otherwise, wherein any denominational doctrine is inculcated, or any other school or any college which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents. In place of the foregoing, the proposed amendment would prohibit the grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any primary or secondary school which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents.

The proposed amendment would also add to the present section 2 a provision that nothing therein shall be construed to prohibit grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

Votes on Question No. 3—Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held June 7, 1972, received 250 votes in the affirmative and 3 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 253 votes in the affirmative and 0 in the negative?

Franklin County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Ashfield	232	182	93	507
Bernardston	242	206	108	556
Buckland	263	279	160	702
Charlmont	148	129	93	370
Colrain	200	174	90	464
Conway	197	163	69	429
Deerfield	675	654	254	1,583
Erving	227	149	103	479
Gill	204	161	72	437
Greenfield	2,350	2,988	1,324	6,662
Hawley	33	26	16	75
Heath	63	52	29	144
Leverett	224	176	71	471
Leyden	72	69	49	190
Monroe	28	30	17	75
Montague	1,464	1,070	721	3,255
New Salem	109	88	41	238
Northfield	429	371	152	952
Orange	653	645	331	1,629
Rowe	70	61	32	163
Shelburne	268	256	150	674
Shutesbury	130	78	44	252
Sunderland	366	287	100	753
Warwick	56	79	61	196
Wendell	89	53	40	182
Whately	214	162	107	483
Totals	9,006	8,588	4,327	21,921

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would repeal section 2 of Article 46 of the Articles of Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth (the "anti-aid amendment", so-called), and replace it with a new section 2, for the purpose of allowing grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would delete the first clause of the present section 2, which requires that all moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys appropriated by the Commonwealth for the support of common schools shall be applied to or expended in only those schools conducted according to law under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is expended. The effect of the deletion of the first clause of section 2 would be to remove the constitutional prohibition against the use of public moneys, which have been raised by taxation or appropriated for support of public schools, for grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would also alter the second clause of the present section 2 by removing the prohibition against a grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any school or institution of learning, whether under public control or otherwise, wherein any denominational doctrine is inculcated, or any other school or any college which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents. In place of the foregoing, the proposed amendment would prohibit the grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any primary or secondary school which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents.

The proposed amendment would also add to the present section 2 a provision that nothing therein shall be construed to prohibit grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

Hampden County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Agawam	2,948	1,839	1,734	6,521
Blandford	155	156	65	376
Brimfield	343	232	125	700
Chester	130	119	91	340
CHICOPEE	8,813	5,305	5,045	19,163
E. Longmeadow	2,182	1,367	826	4,375
Granville	163	138	67	368
Hampden	720	401	127	1,248
Holland	189	147	74	410
HOLYOKE	5,081	3,865	5,865	14,811
Longmeadow	4,077	1,621	734	6,432
Ludlow	2,724	1,502	1,066	5,292
Monson	1,136	614	530	2,280
Montgomery	97	88	35	220
Palmer	1,832	1,108	1,168	4,108
Russell	217	147	103	467
Southwick	949	678	315	1,942
SPRINGFIELD	15,845	6,731	16,446	39,022
Tolland	44	25	12	81
Wales	142	109	60	311
West Springfield	4,184	2,522	2,200	8,906
WESTFIELD	4,949	3,524	2,400	10,873
Wilbraham	2,053	1,360	798	4,211
Totals	58,973	33,598	39,886	132,457

Hampshire County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Amherst	2,993	1,840	986	5,819
Belchertown	765	498	303	1,566
Chesterfield	126	83	59	268
Cummington	136	96	38	270
Easthampton	2,483	1,614	1,244	5,341
Goshen	77	83	36	196
Granby	625	597	301	1,523
Hadley	690	485	407	1,582
Hatfield	575	306	312	1,193
Huntington	233	166	109	508
Middlefield	49	46	24	119
NORTHAMPTON	4,652	2,796	2,276	9,724
Pelham	177	152	44	373
Plainfield	47	43	31	121

Votes on Question No. 3— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held June 7, 1972, received 250 votes in the affirmative and 3 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 253 votes in the affirmative and 0 in the negative?

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would repeal section 2 of Article 46 of the Articles of Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth (the "anti-aid amendment", so-called), and replace it with a new section 2, for the purpose of allowing grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would delete the first clause of the present section 2, which requires that all moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys appropriated by the Commonwealth for the support of common schools shall be applied to or expended in only those schools conducted according to law under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is expended. The effect of the deletion of the first clause of section 2 would be to remove the constitutional prohibition against the use of public moneys, which have been raised by taxation or appropriated for support of public schools, for grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would also alter the second clause of the present section 2 by removing the prohibition against a grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any school or institution of learning, whether under public control or otherwise, wherein any denominational doctrine is inculcated, or any other school or any college which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents. In place of the foregoing, the proposed amendment would prohibit the grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any primary or secondary school which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents.

The proposed amendment would also add to the present section 2 a provision that nothing therein shall be construed to prohibit grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

Hampshire County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
South Hadley . . .	2,884	1,921	1,054	5,859
Southampton . . .	549	457	200	1,206
Ware . . .	1,481	888	1,163	3,532
Westhampton . . .	152	135	50	337
Williamsburg . . .	372	282	155	809
Worthington . . .	124	108	53	285
Totals . . .	19,190	12,596	8,845	40,631

Middlesex County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Acton . . .	2,943	2,101	530	5,574
Arlington . . .	11,107	6,682	3,818	21,607
Ashby . . .	297	308	121	726
Ashland . . .	1,214	1,103	414	2,731
Ayer . . .	638	458	257	1,353
Bedford . . .	2,405	1,559	608	4,572
Belmont . . .	6,586	3,781	2,297	12,664
Billerica . . .	4,576	3,538	1,417	9,531
Boxborough . . .	306	294	55	655
Burlington . . .	2,581	2,971	1,332	6,884
CAMBRIDGE . . .	16,350	7,211	7,203	30,764
Carlisle . . .	689	457	112	1,258
Chelmsford . . .	4,812	4,370	1,467	10,649
Concord . . .	3,242	2,339	728	6,309
Dracut . . .	2,719	2,682	1,775	7,176
Dunstable . . .	215	209	97	521
EVERETT . . .	4,052	2,993	7,302	14,347
Frammingham . . .	10,778	6,674	3,055	20,507
Groton . . .	774	882	238	1,894
Holliston . . .	2,070	1,554	469	4,093
Hopkinton . . .	991	757	369	2,117
Hudson . . .	2,106	1,496	1,108	4,710
Lexington . . .	6,089	4,331	2,428	12,848
Lincoln . . .	1,374	585	212	2,171
Littleton . . .	920	904	238	2,062
LOWELL . . .	11,936	9,684	9,290	30,910
MALDEN . . .	6,616	5,694	6,034	18,344
MLBOROUGH . . .	4,832	2,990	2,427	10,249
Maynard . . .	1,422	1,130	791	3,343
MEDFORD . . .	10,169	6,230	6,501	22,900
MELROSE . . .	5,057	4,560	2,681	12,298
Natick . . .	4,537	3,855	2,085	10,477
NEWTON . . .	16,661	10,861	7,543	35,065
North Reading . . .	2,045	1,355	623	4,023
Pepperell . . .	875	731	421	2,027
Reading . . .	4,248	3,089	1,003	8,340
Sherborn . . .	866	581	133	1,580
Shirley . . .	421	446	177	1,044
SOMERVILLE . . .	11,325	5,858	7,241	24,424
Stoneham . . .	3,626	2,598	1,466	7,690
Stow . . .	745	564	186	1,495
Sudbury . . .	2,325	2,018	612	4,955
Tewksbury . . .	3,330	3,610	1,147	8,087
Townsend . . .	609	529	245	1,383
Tyngsborough . . .	554	560	269	1,383
Wakefield . . .	4,095	3,771	1,715	9,581
WALTHAM . . .	5,330	5,073	5,914	16,317
Watertown . . .	6,757	3,885	3,596	14,238
Wayland . . .	2,842	1,798	522	5,162
Westford . . .	1,720	1,692	589	4,001
Weston . . .	2,682	1,616	396	4,694
Wilmington . . .	1,901	1,821	1,255	4,977
Winchester . . .	4,661	2,670	1,902	9,233
WOBBURN . . .	5,055	3,754	3,611	12,420
Totals . . .	217,076	153,262	108,025	478,363

Votes on Question No. 3—Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment of the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held June 7, 1972, received 250 votes in the affirmative and 3 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 253 votes in the affirmative and 0 in the negative?

Nantucket County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Nantucket	721	418	343	1,482
Totals	721	418	343	1,482

Norfolk County.

Avon	785	519	360	1,664
Bellingham	2,012	1,358	854	4,224
Braintree	6,956	4,875	2,339	14,170
Brookline	9,708	5,096	7,380	22,184
Canton	3,579	2,247	1,167	6,993
Cohasset	1,735	857	482	3,074
Dedham	4,971	3,340	2,178	10,489
Dover	1,313	684	236	2,233
Foxborough	2,014	1,578	541	4,133
Franklin	2,884	1,779	1,154	5,817
Holbrook	2,086	1,201	838	4,125
Medfield	1,806	1,188	348	3,342
Medway	1,260	884	533	2,677
Millis	1,102	707	326	2,135
Milton	7,226	3,612	1,955	12,793
Needham	7,122	4,084	1,743	12,949
Norfolk	734	615	188	1,537
Norwood	6,085	3,365	1,985	11,435
Plainville	801	630	246	1,677
QUINCY	16,091	10,192	8,100	34,383
Randolph	4,945	2,909	2,135	9,989
Sharon	2,604	1,656	592	4,852
Stoughton	2,956	2,675	2,295	7,926
Walpole	3,414	2,176	974	6,564
Wellesley	6,841	3,300	1,196	11,337
Westwood	3,140	1,967	765	5,872
Weymouth	9,509	6,559	3,291	19,359
Wrentham	1,005	684	313	2,002
Totals	114,684	70,737	44,514	229,935

Plymouth County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Abington	2,001	1,414	809	4,224
Bridgewater	2,028	1,377	861	4,266
BROCKTON	12,059	7,239	5,826	25,124
Carver	500	414	240	1,154
Duxbury	2,093	1,264	450	3,807
East Bridgewater	976	1,596	636	3,208
Halifax	573	645	257	1,475
Hanover	1,974	1,385	566	3,925
Hanson	1,143	861	456	2,460
Hingham	4,277	2,303	1,094	7,674
Hull	1,715	956	889	3,560
Kingston	1,030	634	477	2,141
Lakeville	729	586	304	1,619
Marion	627	571	188	1,386
Marshfield	3,254	2,158	960	6,372
Mattapoisett	835	1,009	311	2,155
Middleborough	2,029	1,629	931	4,589
Norwell	1,499	1,120	582	3,201
Pembroke	1,734	1,191	659	3,584
Plymouth	2,975	2,700	2,020	7,695
Plympton	233	183	90	506
Rochester	249	323	122	694
Rockland	2,264	1,395	923	4,582
Scituate	3,373	1,834	924	6,131
Wareham	2,053	1,471	1,210	4,734
West Bridgewater	1,117	947	382	2,446
Whitman	2,036	1,692	840	4,568
Totals	55,376	38,897	23,007	117,280

Suffolk County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
BOSTON	47,689	39,163	66,643	153,495
CHELSEA	3,281	1,782	3,882	8,945
REVERE	6,345	4,393	5,469	16,207
Winthrop	2,905	2,954	2,536	8,395
Totals	60,220	48,292	78,530	187,042

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would repeal section 2 of Article 46 of the Articles of Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth (the "anti-aid amendment", so-called), and replace it with a new section 2, for the purpose of allowing grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would delete the first clause of the present section 2, which requires that all moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys appropriated by the Commonwealth for the support of common schools shall be applied to or expended in only those schools conducted according to law under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is expended. The effect of the deletion of the first clause of section 2 would be to remove the constitutional prohibition against the use of public moneys, which have been raised by taxation or appropriated for support of public schools, for grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would also alter the second clause of the present section 2 by removing the prohibition against a grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any school or institution of learning, whether under public control or otherwise, wherein any denominational doctrine is inculcated, or any other school or any college which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents. In place of the foregoing, the proposed amendment would prohibit the grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any primary or secondary school which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents.

The proposed amendment would also add to the present section 2 a provision that nothing therein shall be construed to prohibit grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

Votes on Question No. 3—Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held June 7, 1972, received 250 votes in the affirmative and 3 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held June 6, 1973, received 253 votes in the affirmative and 0 in the negative?

Worcester County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Ashburnham	507	423	246	1,176
Athol	1,230	1,079	744	3,053
Auburn	2,946	1,895	1,293	6,134
Barre	620	416	525	1,561
Berlin	343	270	119	732
Blackstone	931	534	562	2,027
Bolton	367	302	94	763
Boylston	568	389	206	1,163
Brookfield	316	197	182	695
Charlton	586	453	311	1,350
Clinton	1,822	1,185	1,494	4,501
Douglas	528	359	361	1,248
Dudley	1,117	661	795	2,573
East Brookfield	302	161	175	638
FITCHBURG	5,726	3,736	4,022	13,484
GARDNER	2,691	1,793	2,020	6,504
Grafton	1,735	1,186	1,001	3,922
Hardwick	326	236	219	781
Harvard	685	557	102	1,344
Holden	2,349	1,747	838	4,934
Hopedale	758	439	445	1,642
Hubbardston	185	211	117	513
Lancaster	531	689	294	1,514
Leicester	1,432	849	660	2,941
LEOMINSTER	4,785	3,047	2,691	10,523
Lunenburg	1,227	1,017	548	2,792
Mendon	365	305	232	902
Milford	2,851	1,979	2,525	7,355
Millbury	1,852	1,002	1,181	4,035
Millville	253	152	200	605
New Braintree	71	94	45	210
North Brookfield	646	438	375	1,459
Northborough	1,761	1,126	446	3,333
Northbridge	1,578	1,662	912	4,152
Oakham	137	125	66	328
Oxford	904	1,017	499	2,420
Paxton	745	434	191	1,370
Petersham	190	160	65	415
Phillipston	87	116	28	231
Princeton	330	253	80	663
Royalston	99	103	38	240
Rutland	527	508	125	1,160
Shrewsbury	4,189	2,336	1,865	8,390
Southborough	1,150	800	291	2,241
Southbridge	1,713	1,291	2,202	5,206
Spencer	1,531	788	977	3,296
Sterling	681	557	255	1,493
Sturbridge	714	592	446	1,752
Sutton	716	536	413	1,665
Templeton	721	541	398	1,660
Upton	614	415	340	1,369
Uxbridge	1,335	719	843	2,897
Warren	539	335	384	1,258
Webster	1,964	1,076	1,802	4,842
West Boylston	1,214	883	407	2,504
West Brookfield	380	269	243	892
Westborough	2,251	1,627	779	4,657
Westminster	767	617	339	1,723
Winchendon	657	555	369	1,581
WORCESTER	26,375	14,291	16,738	57,404
Totals	94,520	61,533	56,163	212,216

Aggregate of Votes.

BARNSTABLE	21,521	18,647	8,374	48,542
BERKSHIRE	16,065	19,410	14,259	49,734
BRISTOL	59,236	44,110	43,424	146,770
DUKES	1,738	1,037	927	3,702
ESSEX	101,139	69,173	56,034	226,346
FRANKLIN	9,006	8,588	4,327	21,921
HAMPDEN	58,973	33,598	39,886	132,457
HAMPSHIRE	19,190	12,596	8,845	40,631
MIDDLESEX	217,076	153,262	108,025	478,363
NANTUCKET	721	418	343	1,482
NORFOLK	114,684	70,737	44,514	229,935
PLYMOUTH	55,376	38,897	23,007	117,280
SUFFOLK	60,220	48,292	78,530	187,042
WORCESTER	94,520	61,533	56,163	212,216
TOTALS	829,465	580,298	486,658	1,896,421

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would repeal section 2 of Article 46 of the Articles of Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth (the "anti-aid amendment", so-called), and replace it with a new section 2, for the purpose of allowing grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would delete the first clause of the present section 2, which requires that all moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys appropriated by the Commonwealth for the support of common schools shall be applied to or expended in only those schools conducted according to law under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is expended. The effect of the deletion of the first clause of section 2 would be to remove the constitutional prohibition against the use of public moneys, which have been raised by taxation or appropriated for support of public schools, for grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

The proposed amendment would also alter the second clause of the present section 2 by removing the prohibition against a grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any school or institution of learning, whether under public control or otherwise, wherein any denominational doctrine is inculcated, or any other school or any college which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents. In place of the foregoing, the proposed amendment would prohibit the grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of credit by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any primary or secondary school which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents.

The proposed amendment would also add to the present section 2 a provision that nothing therein shall be construed to prohibit grants in aid to private higher educational institutions or to students, or parents or guardians of students, attending such institutions.

Votes on Question No. 4— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below, which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held May 17, 1972, received 131 votes in the affirmative and 121 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held May 8, 1974, received 139 votes in the affirmative and 119 in the negative?

Barnstable County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Barnstable	4,798	3,246	1,638	9,682
Bourne	1,403	1,103	779	3,285
Brewster	902	584	220	1,706
Chatham	1,489	729	376	2,594
Dennis	2,119	1,639	777	4,535
Eastham	712	495	145	1,352
Falmouth	3,757	1,988	1,202	6,947
Harwich	1,696	1,192	403	3,291
Mashpee	492	308	165	965
Orleans	1,254	720	301	2,275
Provincetown	721	341	275	1,337
Sandwich	1,114	824	350	2,288
Truro	289	173	80	542
Wellfleet	548	254	154	956
Yarmouth	2,967	2,501	1,319	6,787
Totals	24,261	16,097	8,184	48,542

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would revise Article 78 of the Articles of Amendment to the Constitution to permit the expenditure of money from the highway fund for mass transportation lines and other mass transportation purposes in such manner as the Legislature may direct. The highway fund includes receipts from fees, duties, excises and license taxes relating to registration, operation or use of motor vehicles and taxes from the sale of motor vehicle fuels. The expenditure of money from such fund is presently restricted to highway and bridge construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair, enforcement of state traffic laws, and administration of the tax statutes which provide highway fund receipts.

Berkshire County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Adams	1,607	1,506	1,181	4,294
Alford	73	64	19	156
Becket	92	163	28	283
Cheshire	421	406	279	1,106
Clarksburg	238	214	115	567
Dalton	1,105	968	432	2,505
Egremont	227	152	71	450
Florida	87	76	31	194
Great Barrington	831	563	1,008	2,402
Hancock	94	68	42	204
Hinsdale	216	160	101	477
Lanesborough	408	285	212	905
Lee	670	471	663	1,804
Lenox	872	522	487	1,881
Monterey	123	76	30	229
Mt. Washington	17	16	13	46
New Ashford	37	17	14	68
New Marlborough	119	125	84	328
NORTH ADAMS	2,481	1,964	1,523	5,968
Otis	73	147	71	291
Peru	46	56	23	125
PITTSFIELD	7,806	4,220	7,126	19,152
Richmond	272	211	81	564
Sandisfield	77	55	47	179
Savoy	51	55	36	142
Sheffield	342	316	158	816
Stockbridge	609	220	201	1,030
Tyringham	50	49	28	127
Washington	54	50	25	129
West Stockbridge	177	161	126	464
Williamstown	1,485	838	332	2,655
Windsor	77	85	31	193
Totals	20,837	14,279	14,618	49,734

Votes on Question No. 4— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below, which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held May 17, 1972, received 131 votes in the affirmative and 121 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held May 8, 1974, received 139 votes in the affirmative and 119 in the negative?

Bristol County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Acushnet	1,289	1,296	940	3,525
ATTLEBORO	3,727	3,211	1,312	8,250
Berkley	202	240	148	590
Dartmouth	3,208	3,038	1,766	8,012
Dighton	550	577	312	1,439
Easton	2,225	1,511	639	4,375
Fairhaven	1,889	2,717	1,245	5,851
FALL RIVER	10,056	7,326	12,803	30,185
Freetown	607	609	308	1,524
Mansfield	1,492	1,260	625	3,377
NEW BEDFORD	12,141	10,293	10,247	32,681
N. Attleborough	2,426	2,148	1,235	5,809
Norton	1,225	918	441	2,584
Raynham	964	1,053	562	2,579
Rehoboth	822	704	407	1,933
Seekonk	1,592	1,388	566	3,546
Somerset	2,667	2,337	1,921	6,925
Swansea	1,884	1,831	1,252	4,967
TAUNTON	4,322	4,418	5,552	14,292
Westport	1,576	1,466	1,284	4,326
Totals	54,864	48,341	43,565	146,770

Dukes County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Chilmark	139	63	37	239
Edgartown	479	226	234	939
Gay Head	32	11	44	87
Gosnold	20	22	5	47
Oak Bluffs	370	214	250	834
Tisbury	591	278	296	1,165
West Tisbury	244	84	63	391
Totals	1,875	898	929	3,702

Essex County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Amesbury	1,279	1,573	1,144	3,996
Andover	5,198	3,256	1,452	9,906
BEVERLY	7,171	4,149	3,235	14,555
Boxford	966	545	155	1,666
Danvers	3,829	2,928	1,481	8,238
Essex	460	300	181	941
Georgetown	798	726	330	1,854
GLOUCESTER	3,614	2,091	2,424	8,129
Groveland	708	758	280	1,746
Hamilton	1,392	851	431	2,674
HAVERHILL	5,988	4,693	4,154	14,835
Ipswich	1,911	1,096	791	3,798
LAWRENCE	8,013	6,009	8,816	22,838
LYNN	10,821	8,220	7,344	26,385
Lynnfield	2,470	1,795	675	4,940
Manchester	1,342	536	395	2,273
Marblehead	5,593	2,514	1,225	9,332
Merrimac	538	519	272	1,329
Methuen	5,133	4,845	3,983	13,961
Middleton	581	516	262	1,359
Nahant	882	471	303	1,656
Newbury	761	592	314	1,667
NEWBURYPORT	2,458	1,723	1,871	6,052
North Andover	2,821	2,243	1,329	6,393
PEABODY	7,134	5,101	4,169	16,404
Rockport	1,418	597	521	2,536
Rowley	470	411	209	1,090
SALEM	6,182	4,003	4,348	14,533
Salisbury	574	620	545	1,739
Saugus	4,064	3,432	1,882	9,378
Swampscott	2,767	1,386	1,470	5,623
Topsfield	1,217	630	175	2,022
Wenham	830	406	161	1,397
West Newbury	469	418	214	1,101
Totals	99,852	69,953	56,541	226,346

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would revise Article 78 of the Articles of Amendment to the Constitution to permit the expenditure of money from the highway fund for mass transportation lines and other mass transportation purposes in such manner as the Legislature may direct. The highway fund includes receipts from fees, duties, excises and license taxes relating to registration, operation or use of motor vehicles and taxes from the sale of motor vehicle fuels. The expenditure of money from such fund is presently restricted to highway and bridge construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair, enforcement of state traffic laws, and administration of the tax statutes which provide highway fund receipts.

Votes on Question No. 4— Continued.

Do you approve of the adoption of an amendment to the constitution summarized below, which was approved by the General Court in a joint session of the two branches held May 17, 1972, received 131 votes in the affirmative and 121 in the negative, and in a joint session of the two branches held May 8, 1974, received 139 votes in the affirmative and 119 in the negative?

Franklin County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Ashfield	179	252	76	507
Bernardston	144	322	90	556
Buckland	173	391	138	702
Charlemont	93	193	84	370
Colrain	106	277	81	464
Conway	185	173	71	429
Deerfield	551	810	222	1,583
Erving	139	246	94	479
Gill	165	205	67	437
Greenfield	1,648	3,724	1,290	6,662
Hawley	35	28	12	75
Heath	48	67	29	144
Leverett	259	140	72	471
Leyden	51	104	35	190
Monroe	17	42	16	75
Montague	934	1,647	674	3,255
New Salem	58	145	35	238
Northfield	303	519	130	952
Orange	380	983	266	1,629
Rowe	50	86	27	163
Shelburne	184	369	121	674
Shutesbury	154	62	36	252
Sunderland	380	280	93	753
Warwick	37	116	43	196
Wendell	80	65	37	182
Whately	176	214	93	483
Totals	6,529	11,460	3,932	21,921

Hampden County.

Cities and Towns.	Yes.	No.	Blanks.	Total Ballots.
Agawam	2,204	2,638	1,679	6,521
Blandford	121	195	60	376
Brimfield	250	328	122	700
Chester	113	154	73	340
CHICOPEE	6,019	8,127	5,017	19,163
E. Longmeadow	1,569	1,973	833	4,375
Granville	133	154	81	368
Hampden	498	608	142	1,248
Holland	142	189	79	410
HOLYOKE	4,151	4,654	6,006	14,811
Longmeadow	3,135	2,519	778	6,432
Ludlow	1,898	2,369	1,025	5,292
Monson	799	936	545	2,280
Montgomery	66	122	32	220
Palmer	1,284	1,680	1,144	4,108
Russell	169	204	94	467
Southwick	692	942	308	1,942
SPRINGFIELD	12,140	10,703	16,179	39,022
Tolland	31	37	13	81
Wales	99	150	62	311
West Springfield	3,046	3,793	2,067	8,906
WESTFIELD	3,803	4,669	2,401	10,873
Wilbraham	1,358	2,063	790	4,211
Totals	43,720	49,207	39,530	132,457

SUMMARY

The proposed constitutional amendment would revise Article 78 of the Articles of Amendment to the Constitution to permit the expenditure of money from the highway fund for mass transportation lines and other mass transportation purposes in such manner as the Legislature may direct. The highway fund includes receipts from fees, duties, excises and license taxes relating to registration, operation or use of motor vehicles and taxes from the sale of motor vehicle fuels. The expenditure of money from such fund is presently restricted to highway and bridge construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair, enforcement of state traffic laws, and administration of the tax statutes which provide highway fund receipts.